History Year 2, Term 3



The Great Fire of London Facts						
When did	The fire of London started in a bakery in Pudding Lane on 2nd September 1666					
the fire						
start?						
Why did the	It hadn't rained for months so the city was very dry. In 1666, lots of people had houses made from wood which burns easily. Houses were built too close togethe					
fire						
spread?	and there was no organized fire brigade					
How did	They used leather buckets and squirts filled with water, axes, fire hooks and gur					
they fight	powder to make fire breaks					
the fire?						
How did	The fire burned for 4 days. As the wind died down and changed direction the fire					
the fire	pecame under control and was finally put out					
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Important people

Thomas Farrier: an ember from one of Thomas' bakery ovens lighted some nearby firewood. The fire quickly spread around the room and to nearby buildings.

Samuel Pepys: One of the ways we know about the fire is because people wrote about it in their own personal diaries. Samuel Pepys was famous for his diary he write in the 17th century.

King Charles II: King of England in 1666. After the fire he made a decree that houses must be built further apart and built from stone not timber.



The Great Fire of London



Key vocabulary:

Bakery – a place where bread and cakes are made and sold

Baker – a person whose job it is to bake bread and cakes

Eye-witness – a person who has seen something and can give you a description of it

Embers – small pieces of glowing coal or wood seen as a dying fire

Escape – get free from

River – a large flow of water along a channel

		line					
1605	1666	1805-1881	1820-1910	1837-1901	1927-2008	1955-Present	
The Gunpowder Plot	The Great Fire of London	Mary Seacole	Florence Nightingale	Victorian era	William Claxton	Tim Berners-Lee	