

# Glossary of key words for Terms 5 and 6

## YEAR 3



Word	Meaning
<b>Maths</b>	
Partitioning	See also recombining. Partitioning is dividing a number into the individual values of its digits, and helps children to understand the values of these digits. <b>For example: 782 can be partitioned into 700 + 80 + 2</b>
Place value	The value of all the digits in a number. <b>For example, in the number 627, the digit '2' is worth 20, the digit '6' is worth 600.</b>
Recombining	See also partitioning. Recombining is putting the individual digit place values of a number back together to make the original number. <b>For example, 200 + 50 + 6 is recombined to make 256.</b>
Mass	The amount something weighs, measured in kilograms and grams.
Kilograms	A unit of mass used to measure the weight of heavier objects. <b>For example: The weight 70kg.</b>
Grams	A unit of mass used to weigh smaller objects. There are 1000 grams in a one kilogram. <b>For example: The sugar weighed 100g.</b>
Estimate	To make a sensible guess using known facts. <b>For example: I think the bag of flour weighs more than 1kg because it feels heavier than the 1kg weight. I think it weighs less than 2kg. I estimate the bag of flour weighs 1.5 kg.</b>
Capacity	The amount of liquid a container holds. <b>For example: The bottle holds 200 ml of water.</b>
Volume	The amount of liquid in a container.
Data	Factual information collected from asking people about their likes and dislikes.
Bar chart	A chart which uses bars to show information.
X-axis	The horizontal line on a graph.
Y-axis	The vertical line on a graph.
<b>English</b>	
Alliteration	Repeating the sound at the beginning of nearby words. <b>For example: prancing perfectly.</b>
Couplet	Two lines of poetry, one after the other, that rhyme and are of the same length and rhythm. <b>For example: It's hard to tell just what a goose/ will have in common with a moose.</b>
Exaggeration	To claim something is bigger and better than it actually is. <b>For example: I was walking the dog, when suddenly gigantic dog bounded towards me.</b>
Homophone	A word which has the same sound as another word, but a different spelling and meaning. <b>For example: there, their, and they're.</b>
Expanded noun phrase	A noun phrase contains a noun, plus words to describe it. <b>For example The spotty, black dog.</b>
Onomatopoeia	A word which sounds similar to thing it refers. <b>For example: buzz or hiss.</b>
Simile	A comparison between to unlike things, using 'like' or 'as'. <b>For example: He was as strong as an ox.</b>
Synonym	Word that has the same or nearly the same meaning as another word. <b>For example: happy and overjoyed.</b>
Biography	A written history of someone's life.
Personality	The particular features which make someone special. <b>For example: Henry the VIII was energetic and loved sports.</b>
Story mountain	A diagram which shows the individual parts of a story. <b>For example: Opening, build up, problem, resolution and ending.</b>